Supplementary material: Impact of meteorological conditions on the dynamics of COVID-19 pandemic in Poland

Figure S1. Cross-correlation between maximum temperature and mobility data: (A) retail and recreation, (B) grocery and pharmacy, (C) parks, (D) transit stations, (E) workplaces, (F) residential.

Figure S2. Cross-correlation between sunshine duration and mobility data: (A) retail and recreation, (B) grocery and pharmacy, (C) parks, (D) transit stations, (E) workplaces, (F) residential.
Figure S3. Cross-correlation between relative humidity and mobility data: (A) retail and recreation, (B) grocery and pharmacy, (C) parks, (D) transit stations, (E) workplaces, (F) residential.

Figure S4. Cross-correlation between minimum temperature and mobility data: (A) retail and recreation, (B) grocery and pharmacy, (C) parks, (D) transit stations, (E) workplaces, (F) residential.
Figure S5. Cross-correlation between wind speed and mobility data: (A) retail and recreation, (B) grocery and pharmacy, (C) parks, (D) transit stations, (E) workplaces, (F) residential.

Figure S6. Cross-correlation between variability of daily temperature and mobility data: (A) retail and recreation, (B) grocery and pharmacy, (C) parks, (D) transit stations, (E) workplaces, (F) residential.
Figure S7. Cross-correlation between COVID-19 new cases and mobility data: (A) retail and recreation, (B) grocery and pharmacy, (C) parks, (D) transit stations, (E) workplaces, (F) residential.

Figure S8. Cross-correlation between COVID-19 new deaths and mobility data: (A) retail and recreation, (B) grocery and pharmacy, (C) parks, (D) transit stations, (E) workplaces, (F) residential.