

Correction

Correction: Alamri et al. Enhancement of the Protective Activity of Vanillic Acid against Tetrachloro-Carbon (CCl₄) Hepatotoxicity in Male Rats by the Synthesis of Silver Nanoparticles (AgNPs). *Molecules* 2022, 27, 8308

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In the original publication [1], there was a mistake in Figure 7E as published. Figure 7A was copied by mistake and inserted as Figure 7E. The corrected Figure 7 appears below. The authors state that the scientific conclusions are unaffected. This correction was approved by the Academic Editor. The original publication has also been updated.



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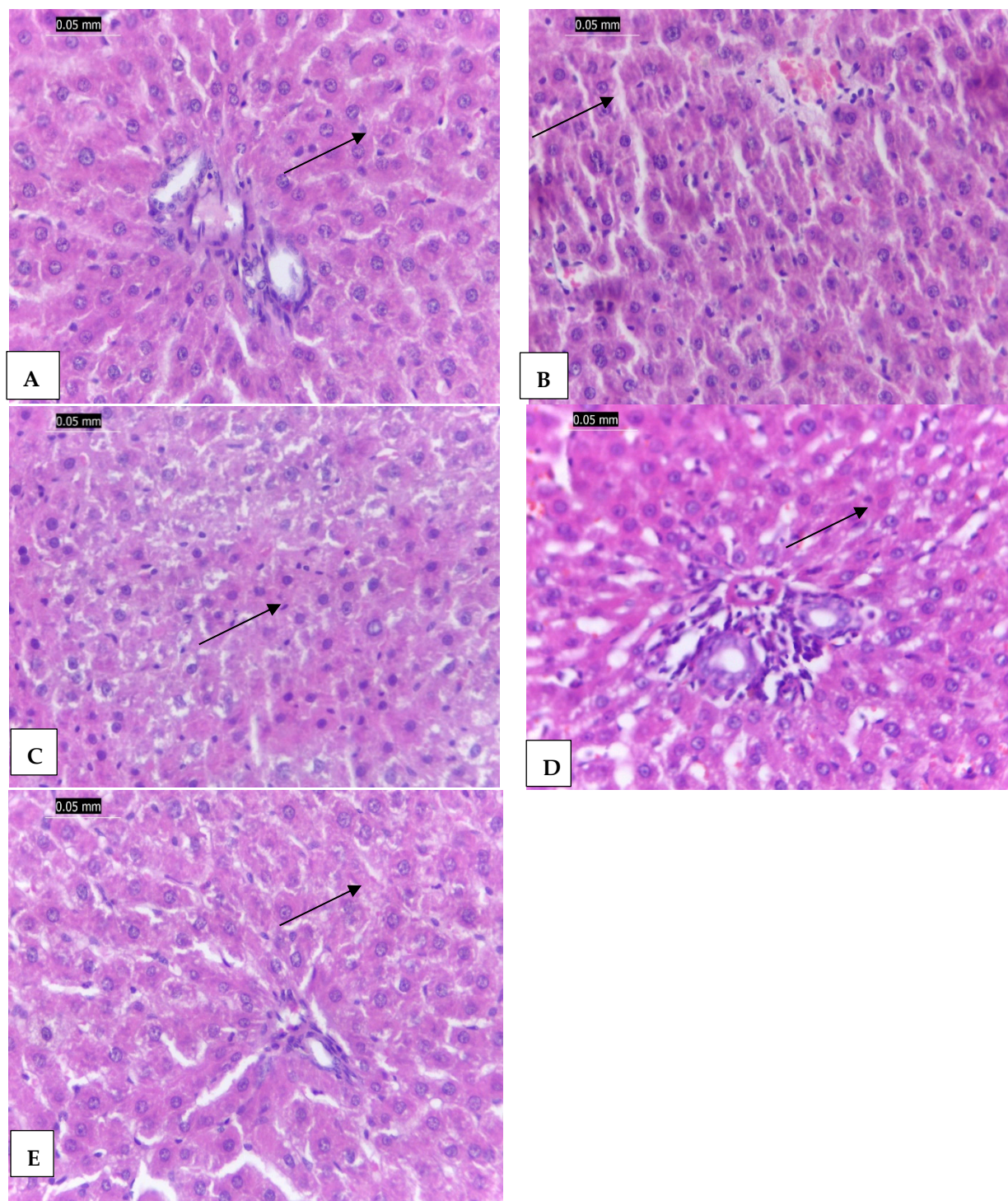


Figure 7. (A): The control negative group (G1) showing normal hepatic tissues architecture without any necrosis or inflammation (arrow), (B): The CCl₄ treated group (G2) showing distorted hepatic plates, fatty hepatocytes (arrow), and dense portal tract mononuclear infiltrate, (C): G3 treated with vanillic acid showing mild inflammation (arrow), (D): The G4 group treated with vanillic AgNPs showing mild inflammation to nearly normal hepatic tissues (arrow), and (E): The silymarin treated group (G5) showing nearly normal hepatic tissues (arrow). (H & E $\times$ 400).

Reference

1. Alamri, E.S.; El Rabey, H.A.; Alzahrani, O.R.; Almutairi, F.M.; Attia, E.S.; Bayomy, H.M.; Albalwi, R.A.; Rezk, S.M. Enhancement of the Protective Activity of Vanillic Acid against Tetrachloro-Carbon (CCl₄) Hepatotoxicity in Male Rats by the Synthesis of Silver Nanoparticles (AgNPs). *Molecules* **2022**, *27*, 8308. [[CrossRef](#)] [[PubMed](#)]

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