

Correction

Correction: Hao et al. Phosphorylation of Akt by SC79 Prevents Iron Accumulation and Ameliorates Early Brain Injury in a Model of Experimental Subarachnoid Hemorrhage. *Molecules* 2016, 21, 325

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Author Name Correction

In the published publication [1], there was an error regarding the author name. We changed Jiang Yu to Yu Jiang.

Error in Figure

In the original publication [1], there was a mistake in Figure 3D as published. There were overlapping panels in Figure 3D's SAH and SAH+vehicle panels. The corrected Figure 3 appears below.

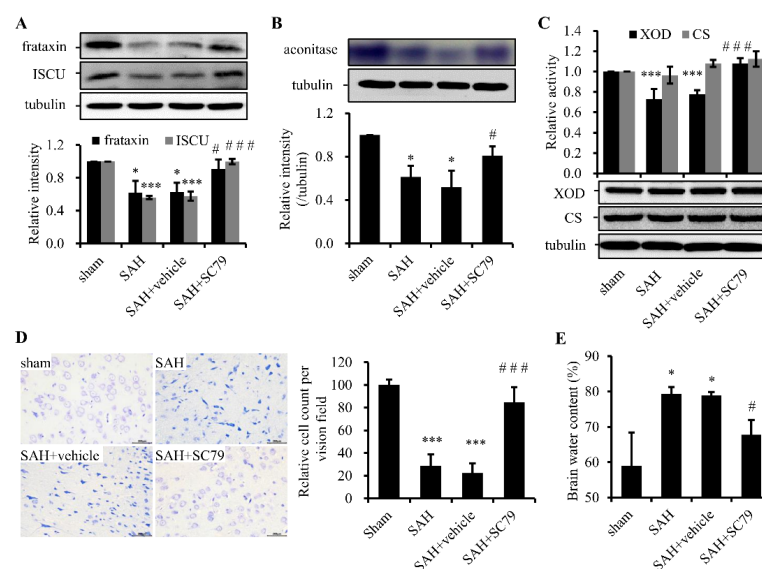


Figure 3. SC79 administration after SAH largely rescues the impairment of Fe-S cluster biogenesis and alleviates the damage of neurons. (A) Western blot analysis for frataxin and ISCU. Upper panel: representative protein levels of frataxin and ISCU. Lower panel: quantitative data of the protein levels;



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(B) in-gel assay of aconitase activity. Upper panel: representative result. Lower panel: quantitative data of enzymatic activities; (C) enzymatic activity (**upper panel**) and Western blot (**bottom panel**) assays of XOD and CS; (D) representative slides of Nissl staining (**left panel**) and quantitative data (**right panel**) visualizing the neuronal cell outline and structure; and (E) alterations in brain water content. Data are expressed as mean $\pm$ SD ($n = 8$ in each group). * $p < 0.05$, *** $p < 0.001$ vs. sham group, # $p < 0.05$, ### $p < 0.001$ vs. SAH group. ISCU, Fe-S cluster scaffold protein; XOD, xanthine oxidase; CS, citrate synthase.

The authors state that the scientific conclusions are unaffected. This correction was approved by the Academic Editor. The original publication has also been updated.

Reference

1. Hao, S.; Song, C.; Shang, L.; Jiang, Y.; Qiao, T.; Li, K. Phosphorylation of Akt by SC79 Prevents Iron Accumulation and Ameliorates Early Brain Injury in a Model of Experimental Subarachnoid Hemorrhage. *Molecules* **2016**, *21*, 325. [[CrossRef](#)] [[PubMed](#)]

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